

VOL. XXX

MOBILE IS NOW A  
CITY OF SADNESSDark Clouds of Despondency Over-  
hang the Town.

## ROADS LINED WITH REFUGEES

Every Train Carries Fleeing Families  
Away from Their Homes.

## CRY FOR BREAD MAY BE HEARD

People Are Panic Stricken, Business Is  
Suspended and Local Government  
Is at a Standstill—Distress-  
ing Scenes Are Pre-  
sented.DEAD.  
FRANK DONALDSON, sixteen years,  
paper carrier.

## NEW CASES.

J. W. CARLISLE, Augusta street, near  
Bremid.  
J. J. BOURNE, 695 Elmira street.  
DAVID MYRTON, at the Marine hos-  
pital.  
GEORGE MAYFIELD.  
LETTIE JOHNSON, colored, Cedar,  
near Augusta street.  
J. S. SCHANENBERG AND WIFE,  
Lawrence, near Augusta street.  
FRANK COLLIER, Old Shell Road.  
WILLIE CHARPINE, 359 Charles,  
corner Elmira.  
EUGENE RENCHER, corner Charles-  
ton and Charles.  
MISS ALMA KALMAN, Old Shell  
Road, near Hellet.

Mobile, Ala., September 19.—(Special.)—  
An announcement of eleven new cases of  
yellow fever today, following so closely on  
similar number yesterday, and the fact  
that the twenty-four hours had found one  
more, combined to bring the panic which  
commenced in the middle of last week to  
a zenith.

The morrow will find the city practically  
deserted, many stores closed and  
retail business entirely suspended.  
Wide retailers are apprehensive of utter  
ruin.

## MAYOR HAS LEFT THE TOWN.

Even the government head is gone and  
a meeting of the general council were  
to be called no quorum would be found to  
respond.  
Mobile tonight is a city of sadness, the  
dark cloud of despondency having oblit-  
erated and overshadowed all mirth and  
all enjoyment.  
There is one courageous band, of which  
Judge Price Williams is the leader, which  
remains with the stricken city in her hour  
of trial. They have fought epidemics be-  
fore.

Some of them went into the front ranks  
against the southern scourge in 1853 and  
are gray-headed men now, and the con-  
gruity and heroism which they have for-  
wardly exhibited is still to be witnessed.  
These Spartans are encouraging, by all  
means in their power, those who consider  
themselves unfortunate in not having the  
chance to desert their homes.

## ALMOST A STAMPEDE.

The roads from Mobile to Whistler, Spring  
Hill, Cottage Hill, Dog River and Grand  
Bay are literally lined on either side with  
refugees, and it is reported that as many  
as five persons are sleeping in one room  
at Spring Hill, where the crush of refu-  
gees is greatest in the suburbs.  
Every train leaving the city for the  
north carries off great numbers of fami-  
lies.

The scenes on the platforms as they  
depart are mournful. In some instances  
fathers and children go off leaving husbands  
and fathers behind, and poor parents send

their children away without being able to  
accompany them.

At each coach door spectacles are pre-  
sented which bring to the mind of the on-  
looker the distressing thought that a fu-  
neral on an immense scale is in progress;  
that the dirge of Mobile is being sung.

The fever has made strides in the city—  
that the board of health does not deny,  
but the members plainly show now that  
there is fear of an epidemic.

There are three different centers of in-  
fection—in the south central, southwest  
and northwest portions of the town. In  
each the cases are increasing, until they  
total up to the present thirty-four, five hav-  
ing been unofficially reported tonight.

There have been only three deaths.

HAGAN, the first man who was attacked.

TAYLOR, the carpenter at the Young

Men's Christian Association building.

FRANK DONALDSON, a boy, who died at

7 o'clock last night.

The last is the most serious death, as the

two former were produced mainly by con-  
stitutional causes. The board of health

proclamation today contained the follow-  
ing paragraph:

"All of the cases are doing well, with  
the exception of two. The board of  
health is not relaxing its efforts to circum-  
scribe the disease."

This statement is plainly true to all per-  
sons who have not lost their sense of  
smell, as the city is fairly reeking with  
chloride of lime, and a carbolic acid prepa-  
ration which the street forces have sprin-  
kled in many miles of gutters.

Dr. Herman Mohr, assistant health offi-  
cer, stated to The Constitution correspond-  
ent tonight that he felt more hopeful to-  
day than he did yesterday, but this does  
not stop the exodus.

## BOARD OF HEALTH COMMENTS.

The president of the board of health to-  
night comments upon the day's report as  
follows:

"The cases reported today were taken,  
one on the 12th, one on the 13th, one on the  
14th, three on the 15th, four on the 16th and  
one on the 18th, so there is shown that  
there has been but one new case in the  
past twenty hours."

The total of cases shows a persistency of

the disease, but not a rapid increase.

All the cases, with one or two exceptions,

are doing well.

The Sunday calm was intensified today,

all traffic being suspended, and the streets

being deserted by even the usual throng of

workmen. Not only have many people

gone away, but those remaining think it

prudent to avoid gatherings of all sorts.

The Bay Side park closed its season pre-  
maturely yesterday, and Sunday street car

travel in that direction, which is generally

very large, was entirely lacking.

There was a small shower about 2 o'clock,

accompanied by a cool wind that was most

refreshing after the intense sultriness of the

past two weeks.

## SLIGHT INCREASE AT EDWARDS.

Four New Cases, but No Deaths, Re-  
ported Yesterday.

Vicksburg, Miss., September 19.—The fe-  
ver at Edwards shows but slight increase  
and no deaths have occurred. Dr. Pur-  
nell reported four new cases today, as  
follows:

Mrs. Dr. Ratcliffe.

Frank Angele.

John Ivey.

Jesse Sharp, colored.

Disinfection has commenced and bedding  
is being burned when it cannot be disin-  
fected.

Dr. Dunn, now at Ocean Springs, has  
been ordered to Edwards.

The state board tried to prevent Father  
Prendergast, of this city, who has never  
had the fever, from going to Edwards,  
but he considered it his duty and the board  
gave way. The board has a report from  
Blox, showing thirty-six cases to date,  
besides six suspects and twenty-seven  
cases of yellow fever now on hand. No  
deaths reported.

Colonel Robb, an aged planter near Ed-  
wards, is one of the cases reported yester-  
day.

Edwards is thoroughly guarded and en-  
tirely healthy. It is estimated that nearly  
10 per cent of the population has left  
town.

## WATCHING ATLANTA TRAINS.

Birmingham Afraid There May Be Refu-  
gees from New Orleans Aboard.

Birmingham, Ala., September 19.—(Spe-  
cial.)—Every train entering Birmingham  
from the south is being watched closely to  
see that none of the refugees from the  
fever stricken sections gain admittance to  
this place through Atlanta's gates. There  
is much sentiment being expressed over the  
fact that Atlanta is allowing the refugees  
to land there. It is possible before the  
week is out that Atlanta and the en-  
tire state of Mississippi will be quar-  
antined against. Captain Amerine, the  
state quarantine officer, has instructed the  
officers watching the trains in and out of  
Birmingham to allow no one coming from  
Atlanta to stop in the state without having  
made oath as to where he or she has been  
during the last ten days.

## CAMP OF REFUGE AT EDWARDS.

Three Hundred Tents and Mattresses  
on the Way.

Jackson, Miss., September 19.—Dr. H. D.  
Geddings, of the marine hospital service,  
arrived here today on his way to Edwards  
to establish a camp of refuge. He has  
with him three hundred tents and mat-  
tresses.

Dr. J. E. Hunter, secretary of the state  
board of health, will arrive here tomor-  
row from Vicksburg to confer with Dr.  
Geddings, with a view to establishing a  
base of supplies and taking stringent mea-  
sures to stamp out the yellow scourge.

TWO DEATHS AND  
SIX NEW CASESNew Orleans Authorities Do Not Antici-  
pate an Epidemic.

## THE PLAQUE SPOTS ARE FOUND

Sixty Italians Found Huddled To-  
gether Are Removed.

## THE CITY IS BEING RAPIDLY CLEANS

Weather at Ocean Springs Is Heavy  
and Sultry and One Death Is  
Expected.

## DEAD.

JOSEPH GISEASY, an Italian, 2626  
Urquhart street.

Name not given in other death.

## NEW CASES.

ROSALIE BACUS, Hilary and Burth.

JOHN DELLI, Plum street.

IRENE TERRELL, Charity hospital.

WILLIAM BRANDON, 639 Philip  
street.NORA H. HAYES, 3147 St. Claude  
street.LENA GREEN, colored, 118 Camp  
street.New Orleans, September 19.—The local fe-  
ver situation has undergone little change  
since yesterday.

At 5 o'clock tonight the record book in the  
board of health office showed a total of six  
new cases and one death.

The official bulletin issued tonight will  
show two deaths, that of the woman San-  
ta Graffeto, who died in the hospital last  
night, but not having been included in the  
official bulletin, although reported in the  
Associated Press dispatches.

The first two cases are in the extreme  
upper portion of the city, one is in the  
fourth district, one is in the St. Claude  
street house, where the original six cases  
were reported, and one is in the Williams  
house, where two cases already existed.

There are three cases under investigation,  
and the health authorities tonight still  
view the situation with some complacency.  
They do not yet anticipate an epidemic, as  
at its meeting last night the board decided  
to abandon its nightly sessions and created  
a night committee of the campaign against  
the disease with leave to solicit ad-  
vice from local physicians and the munici-  
pal authorities. The afternoon and night  
bulletins will be continued.

## THE ITALIAN QUARTER A PLAQUE SPOT.

The report of Dr. Metz, the city chemist,  
on the condition of the Italian quarter,  
moved the board to prompt acceptance to-  
day of the offer of the city of the marine  
hospital as a refuge.

Dr. Metz found as many as sixty people huddled together in  
the Italian quarter living in filth. In one  
of the rooms a goat was found sleeping  
nightly with the family who owned it. The  
woman Graffeto was taken from this quar-  
ter, and the board realized that unless  
something was done at once, the block in  
which the woman lived was likely soon to  
become a plague spot. It was, there-  
fore, decided to guard and thoroughly dis-  
infect and fumigate the entire square and  
to remove as soon as possible most of the  
families to the old marine hospital. Two  
hundred squatters who now occupy the  
block, including the Italian quarter, are  
being removed to the new hospital in the  
vicinity, and the marine hospital building  
will be permanently used as a refuge until the  
fever is stamped out, for the families of the  
Italian quarters and those of the indigent  
sick throughout the city.

House Surgeon Bloom had a conference  
with President Oliphant today relative to  
establishing a place to which indigent yel-  
low fever patients might be removed. There  
are usually seven or eight hundred patients  
in the Charity hospital, and it is consid-  
ered highly dangerous to receive yellow fe-  
ver patients in that institution. Dr. Bloom  
submitted an offer of the free use of the  
old smallpox detention camp, which is en-  
tirely disconnected from the smallpox hos-  
pital, and it seems likely that the offer  
will be accepted and the new refuge will  
be ready to receive patients as they come  
to be treated at home will be sent to Dr. Beard's  
place. There are now two patients suffering  
with yellow fever in the Charity hospital,  
and their presence, although they occupy  
isolated apartments, is deemed a serious  
menace to other patients.

## Thought It Dangerous.

At a largely attended meeting of bank-  
ers, business men, ministers and repre-  
sentatives of labor organizations, it was  
resolved to ask the board of health to con-  
sider the advisability of adopting next  
Tuesday as a general cleaning day.

Acting Mayor Britton and President Ol-  
iphant today replied to the suggestion  
strongly deprecating it. They wrote that  
it would be inadvisable and inexpedient to  
determine upon a fixed day for cleaning  
purposes, as such a movement would  
cause an accumulation of filth and trash,  
which could not be removed at once, and  
by the stirring up of miasma, would fur-  
ther endanger the health of the city in-  
stead of improving it. It was suggested,  
therefore, that each individual inhabitant  
of the city proceed without delay to the  
cleaning of his own premises, to the dis-  
infection of his water closets, alleys, yards,  
etc., and the destruction of all decaying  
matter by fire.

The detention camp at Fontainebleau was  
today declared to have been practically  
completed and to be ready for the reception  
of patients.

A special train today went to Biloxi and  
Ocean Springs and from there carried about  
forty people to the camp. Tomorrow  
the camp will be thrown open to all  
comers. Those who are not immune will  
have to stay in the camp ten days, ac-  
cording to the rules laid down by Surgeon  
Murray. These rules being simply the  
federal law, the surgeon as the command-  
er of the camp is bound to enforce them.

## Condition at Ocean Springs.

There were no new cases reported at  
Ocean Springs up to noon, but the weather  
was heavy and sultry and one of the

patients was not expected to live—Mrs.  
Laura Atkins.

Charles Zeigler, son of a prominent New  
Orleans family, was among those stricken  
yesterday at Ocean Springs, but his con-  
dition is not yet considered serious. When  
the fever had been declared epidemic and  
yellow, he closed himself up in his house  
in his home and did not come forth ex-  
cept to go to the detention camp as soon  
as it was ready. Isolation, however, did  
not prevent the germs from entering his  
home.

The work of the New Orleans sanitary  
forces continued unabated today and the  
officers employed themselves in hunting up  
many old rookeries, where people are  
crowded in filthy tenements and where  
they live in filth. Many of these places  
were subjected to complete disinfection  
and cleaning. The weather to-  
day has been warm and threatening.

## THE DAILY OFFICIAL BULLETIN.

New Orleans Board of Health Shows  
Situation.

New Orleans, La., September 19.—The  
following is the daily official bulletin of  
the board of health:

New Orleans, September 19.—The board  
of health for the state of Louisiana of-  
ficially announces the status of affairs in  
New Orleans as regards yellow fever to  
be as follows:

During the twenty-four hours ending at  
6 p. m. Sunday, September 19th, there were  
six positive cases of yellow fever, one sus-  
picious case under investigation and three  
deaths. Total cases of yellow fever to-  
date, forty. Total deaths from yellow fe-  
ver, four. Total cases of suspicious fe-  
ver, one. Total deaths from suspicious fe-  
ver, one. Total cases of suspicious fe-  
ver, one. Total deaths from suspicious fe-  
ver, one.

The three deaths include the one re-  
ported last night, making only two today,  
while on the other hand two cases have  
been found since the above report was  
issued. The old marine hospital building  
will not be used for a hospital, but as a  
camp of detention for indigent sufferers.  
Another place will be selected as a hospital  
for real and suspected cases. A call has  
been issued for the registry of all yellow  
fever nurses so they can be called into  
service as cases develop.

## YELLOW FEVER AT CAIRO

Expert Gutieras Finds Two Cases in  
Illinois Town.

## QUARANTINE IS INAUGURATED

Several Men Are Sick on a Dredge  
Boat Tied Up in Ken-  
tucky.

Memphis, Tenn., September 19.—A spe-  
cial to The Commercial-Appeal from Cairo,  
Ill., says:

"Dr. Gutieras, the yellow fever expert,  
who arrived here from Mobile at noon  
today, has announced the two suspicious  
cases at the marine hospital to be yellow  
fever of a mild form."

"Owing to the prompt measures taken  
there is no danger of its spreading. The  
hospital is thoroughly guarded."

"There are several cases of sickness on  
the government dredge boat Philadelphia,  
lying at East Cairo, Ky., and Drs. Gutie-  
ras and Egan will investigate them to-  
morrow. One of the men in the hospital  
came from this boat and the other from  
Point Pleasant, eighty-five miles below  
here."

"The board of health has instituted a  
quarantine against East Cairo."

"Tonight Dr. Egan, secretary of the  
board, issued an order addressed to every  
railroad entering the state from the south,  
instituting quarantine against the states  
of Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana.  
Persons coming from that part of the  
state south of the Baltimore and Ohio  
Southwestern railroad, Chicago excepted,  
will be required to show a clear bill of  
health."

"There is no excitement, the people feel-  
ing confident the corps of the board of  
health physicians are masters of the situa-  
tion."

## THREE NEW CASES OF FEVER.

Forty-Three Persons Are Now at the  
Detention Camp.

Ocean Springs, Miss., September 19.—Dr.  
Kearney, of the Marine Hospital, reported  
three new cases of mild fever, no  
deaths and all cases doing well.

Dispatches from Drs. Hunter and Klier,  
executive committee of the Mississippi state  
board of health, order Dr. Dunn to turn  
over to Surgeon Murray his charge, con-  
sisting of Ocean Springs, Scranton and  
Pasadena, and proceed at once to Ed-  
wards. Dr. Dunn will leave Monday for  
that place.

Surgeon Murray went out to Fontaine-  
bleau detention camp today. Forty-three  
persons entered camp; seven went from  
Ocean Springs.

Mrs. Patterson, her daughter, Mrs.  
Green, and the children of Mrs. Messer,  
White, Ansley and Levy, of New Orleans,  
left here for the detention camp today.  
No new cases have been reported and  
the sick are all doing well. A refreshing  
shower fell today.

## SAVANNAH AGAIN REFUSES.

Another Effort To Establish Quarantine  
Against Atlanta.

Savannah, Ga., September 19.—(Special.)—  
Another effort was made today to get the  
Savannah health authorities to quarantine  
against Atlanta, but it met with the same  
result as that stated in these dispatches last  
night.

The sanitary board held its usual daily  
meeting at 1 o'clock today, and at it ap-  
peared a committee of business men who  
called to plead that a quarantine against  
the Gate City be declared. Four or five of  
them, among others, Mr. J. B. Tiedeman,  
J. M. Dixon, B. H. Levy and A. B. Hull,  
made talks, insisting that such a quaran-  
tine should be declared. Since Atlanta has  
opened its doors to refugees from the in-  
fected districts, they urged that that city  
should be put on the same footing with  
them. It was also asserted that even one  
case of yellow fever brought to Savannah  
would cost the business men here thousands  
of dollars. Charleston and other points  
have threatened Savannah with quarantine  
unless Savannah quarantines against At-  
lanta.

These and other arguments were brought  
forth.

Continued on Second Page.

BRITISH ARMY  
IS ADVANCINGObstacles Are in the Way of Very  
Rapid Movement.

## LOSS HAS BEEN VERY HEAVY

Tribesmen Hang on General Jeffreys's  
Rear Tenaciously.

## AN AFRIKI SHOWS GREAT BRAVERY

Queen Sends a Message Deploring the  
Reverses to Her Troops in Re-  
cent Battles.

Bombay, September 19.—Advice from the  
front show that the various columns are  
advancing against the Mahomkuls from  
Panjkora and Shabkadr. As yet they have  
met with no serious opposition, but the  
difficulties of transportation in a mountain-  
ous and almost pathless country are im-  
mense. Another formidable obstacle in the  
way of rapid movement is the lack of  
water.

The brigade of General Jeffreys has not  
joined in the advance. Yesterday it left  
camp at Anayata, with sixteen companies  
of infantry and four guns in order to re-  
treat the enemy at the village of Dama-  
taga. The enemy made a desperate resist-  
ance, but was driven out into the hills.  
The British demolished their towers and  
captured a number of supplies. As soon  
as the troops began to retire the enemy  
reappeared in force. The retirement, how-  
ever, was effected with great precision, the  
active troops behaving splendidly. Two  
Sikhs were killed and six wounded.

It is now known that the enemy's loss  
during the fight on Tuesday night between  
the British and the Mahomkuls was heavy.  
The British engaged did not press the brigade  
during the retirement, but fresh tribesmen  
appeared. Captain Ryder's company of  
Sikhs virtually owed their lives to an Afriki  
sergeant of the guided corps, who, when  
the Sikhs had exhausted their ammunition  
and were desperately cutting their way  
back through the enemy, rushed to their  
aid with a heavy fire with a supply of  
cartridges. He arrived just in time, as the  
swordsman of the enemy were already  
about to charge. The British were un-  
able, after the heavy climb and the hard  
fighting, to continue a successful struggle.  
Lieutenant Watson was thrice wounded  
while gallantly leading a handful of British  
who routed a large body of the enemy that  
was trying to storm the village on which  
General Jeffreys, with guns, had taken up  
a position after meeting his main body in  
the gloom Thursday night.

The enemy lost 180 men before they cap-  
tured the Saragali police post. They carried  
alive two Sikh cooks whom they captured,  
allowing them to hunt for fire wood.

The queen has sent the following dispatch  
with reference to the reverse near Camp  
Anayata:

"I am deeply grieved at the loss of so  
many brave soldiers, and I am anxious to  
desire to be informed as to the condition  
of all the wounded. The conduct of the  
troops was most admirable."

## DEPENDS ON AMERICAN DEMAND

Money Market Controlled by With-  
drawal of Gold.

London, September 19.—The conditions  
of the money market remain substantially  
unchanged, though discount is somewhat  
easier. The rate of the market depends  
mainly upon the question of gold with-  
drawals of the United States. The bank  
will doubtless advance the rate in the  
event of an important American demand,  
otherwise the present low discount rate  
promises to continue.

Silver is firmer on the strength of In-  
dian purchases. There are rumors that the  
Indian council is buying for coinage and  
the price has risen sharply in India  
of late, as fears of an import duty have  
subsided.

There are signs of revival on the stock  
exchange. Both speculative and invest-  
ment business is enlarging, and the tenden-  
cy is distinctly upward. Markets in Col-  
umbia and home railways are all higher  
than a week ago. The depression in Span-  
ish securities is the principal feature  
among the foreigners, the 4 per cent show-  
ing a decrease of 1/4.

American railway securities have still  
further advanced; the English holders of  
higher priced stocks are selling in order to  
realize their profits on investments, but  
in so doing are really broadening the de-  
mand for low-priced shares.

Central Pacific leads the increases with  
4 1/2; Central Pacific, Lake Shore and New  
York Central show 2 1/2; Missouri second  
2 1/2; New York, Ontario and Western 2;  
New York and Northern preferred 1 1/2; De-  
cember 1st. There have been other minor  
increases.

Among the lines showing a decrease is  
Southern Pacific preferred, which has fallen  
1 1/2.

Grand Trunk guaranteed has advanced  
2 1/2; Grand Trunk 2 1/2; Grand Trunk 2 1/2;  
and 3 1/2. Canadian Pacific has ad-  
vanced 1/2.

Argentine railway stocks are generally  
lower.

Anglo-American Telegraph shares are in  
good demand and have advanced 2 1/2; pre-  
ferred shares, 1 1/2.

South African mining securities are lan-  
guishing in view of the doubt that the  
Transvaal government will carry out the  
promised reforms. West Australians are  
more in demand and show an upward ten-  
dency.

## THE CONDITIONS ARE NOT LIKED.

Greece Is Not Pleased with the Peace  
Treaty at All.

Athens, September 19.—The conditions  
of the peace signed yesterday between the  
ambassadors of the powers on behalf of  
Greece and the Turkish government, the  
Turkish foreign minister at the Tophane  
palace, are universally pronounced by the  
press to be exceedingly onerous.

The terms of M. Delianis, former pre-  
mier, who commands an actual majority  
in the house, violently attacked M. Ralli  
and the cabinet, denouncing them as the  
real cause of the present misfortunes.

The anti-Delianis press abuses M. Del-  
ianis as the evil genius of Greece.

The public generally accepts the result  
with mournful resignation.

## ASIATIC RUSSIA HAS A SHAKE.

Monuments of Antiquity Are Destroyed  
in an Earthquake.

Tashkent, Turkestan, Asiatic Russia,  
September 19.—A severe earthquake shock  
occurred here last night and the distur-  
bance was felt throughout the whole of  
Turkestan. Several monuments of antiquity  
were damaged at Samarkand and Ura  
Tubie.

The region of the Turkestan earthquake  
is filled with monuments of antiquity.  
Samarkand is regarded with great veneration  
by the inhabitants of Central Asia.

The city possesses the tomb of "The Lame  
Timur" (vulgarized in Tamerlane); the re-  
nowned conqueror, who was born in  
1336 at Kesh, the "Green City," about  
fifty miles south of Samarkand. Under  
this celebrated warrior and administrator  
who carried his victorious campaigns ever  
known and the center of Asiatic learning  
and commerce.

Its beauties were lauded by the poets of  
Asia. At the height of the city's pros-  
perity it contained no fewer than forty  
colleges, of which three remain perfect.  
But it still has, though in a state of de-  
cay, many of the edifices associated with  
its former glory.







## RECTORY.

Houses in Atlanta:

Freeco and Scenic Painters, 40%

Favor and Fleetwing Bicycles; re-

pairing and painting, 10 South Pryor street.

Dealers and Stationers, School

light and soil.

106 Whitehall street.

FINE TRAPS, SURREYS, PHAETONS,

low prices for best work.

10 Auburn avenue, Atlanta, Ga.

Have headquarters for Buggies

and fine Wagons made to order.

ARE

Shoes, Crockery, Glassware, Lamp

and furniture street.

For samples and catalogues, 10

and 10 Whitehall street.

G. Have your old furniture repaired

and put in. We can do it, and

G. We old clothes good as new, 10

and 10 Whitehall street.

G. Works, 100 Deane St. Tel.

100 Deane St. Tel.

ANING WORKS.

in superior manner, No. 10

G. entered in place. Prices reasonable

and 10 Whitehall street.

G. Prints and Wall Papers; write for

and 10 Whitehall street.

G. Chas. A. Manston, Manager,

and 10 Whitehall street.

G. Hubs and Plants; flowers shipped

and 10 Whitehall street.

G. Can furnish your home, ready

and 10 Whitehall street.

G. Road. Furniture, Baby Carriage

and 10 Whitehall street.

G. Furniture, Baby Carriage, Bicycles,

and 10 Whitehall street.

G. Enter, Fresco Painter, Church De-

and 10 Whitehall street.

G. Parties for reliable Food Products

and 10 Whitehall street.

G. Ware Stoves, Fireware, Refriger-

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## SLEPT ON TRACK

AND WAS KILLED

Dead Body of a Negro Found Beside

the Rails.

THE MAN HAD BEEN DRINKING

Supposed That He Stopped on Track

and Fell Asleep.

GENERAL NEWS AND GOSSIP OF MACON

Funeral of Mrs. R. E. Sheridan—Mar-

riage of Miss Sallie Jemison to

Mr. W. C. Myers, of Dublin.

Macon, Ga., September 19.—(Special.)—

This morning about 6 o'clock the dead body

of a negro man named Dave Hawthorne,

aged thirty-five years, was found lying

near the Central railroad, Atlanta division,

a short distance from the boundary line

between the city of Macon and Vinesville.

There was a severe gash in his head, which

was the cause of his death. He had evi-

dently been killed by the Central passen-

ger train which left Macon at 4:15 this

morning for Atlanta. The supposition is

that he was drunk and asleep on the track

at the time he met his death. The ver-

dict of the coroner's jury was in accord-

ance with the above. It was testified that

Hawthorne was seen last night about 11

o'clock drunk, and it was further testified

that parties saw him sitting, drunk and

asleep, on the railroad track about mid-

night, and he was awakened and warned

to go home, as he might be run over and

killed by the train. The next morning he

was when his dead body was found this

morning.

A Marriage.

This afternoon at half past 2 o'clock at

the residence of the bride's father, Mr.

L. W. Jemison, Miss Sallie Jemison was

united in marriage to Mr. W. C. Myers,

of Dublin. Only the immediate relatives

of the contracting parties were present.

The ceremony was performed by Rev.

Robert White, of the First Presbyterian

church. Immediately after the marriage

the bride couple left for Dublin, Ga.

A responsible business position held by

a young gentleman highly esteemed and

respected by all who know him, the bride

groom, was one of Macon's loveliest

and most popular young ladies. She

was a beautiful, brilliant, cheerful and

attractive and highly accomplished. Mr. and

Mrs. Myers are most happily married.

Mrs. Sheridan's Funeral.

The funeral services of Mrs. R. E. Sheri-

dan were held this afternoon at 2 o'clock

at St. Joseph's Catholic church and were

largely attended. For the deceased had

a large circle of friends and acquaintances

reason of her loveliness and gentleness of

character and her many good qualities

which made her a true friend to all who

knew her. The services at the church

were very impressive. The pall-

bearers were Messrs. T. C. Burke, Dan

Coffey, R. F. Christian, E. A. Horne, Ed

Huthnance, M. J. A. Jones, and Mr.

Miss Gallagher. The interment was

taken to Augusta this evening for

burial. Mrs. Sheridan was formerly

Mrs. Robert D. Sheridan of Macon, about

10 years ago, who, with three children,

survive her.

Sunday in Macon.

The gospel services at the big tent, under

the auspices of the First Baptist church,

have commenced and are being well

attended. This afternoon at 4 o'clock a

meeting for men only was held at

the big tent. The speaker was Mr. W. H.

Baltimore, who is a native of Baltimore

and is a very impressive speaker. He

preached on the subject of "The Power

of the Cross." He was very well

received by the audience. The service

was very impressive. The speaker was

very well received by the audience.

The service was very impressive.

The speaker was very well received

by the audience. The service was

very impressive. The speaker was

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The service was very impressive.

The speaker was very well received

by the audience. The service was

very impressive. The speaker was

very well received by the audience.

The service was very impressive.

The speaker was very well received

## TO INCREASE HIS POWERS

COUNCILMAN LUMPKIN HAS A UNIQUE

Resolution To Introduce.

BAD NEWS TO THE OFFENDERS

Provides for Authority for Judge Andy

To Impose a Fine of \$100 or

100 Days.

Here is bad news for the evil doers of

Atlanta.

This afternoon Councilman Lumpkin will

introduce a resolution asking that the

city council secure an amendment to the

charter of the city authorizing the city

recorder to impose a fine of not exceeding

\$100 or one hundred days on the public

works.

Should the resolution become an ordin-

ance it would make it possible for Judge

Andy to send the habitual drunkards up

for one hundred days instead of thirty

days and cost, which is now his limit. It

would make him a formidable foe to the

sinners and violators of the city and

would materially increase the street force

of unwilling workers.

The resolution, as drafted by Council-

man Lumpkin and which he will present

this afternoon, is as follows:

"Resolved, By the mayor and general

council, That the committee on ordinances

and legislation be and they are authorized

to pass by the next legislature an

amendment to the charter of Atlanta al-

lowing the recorder to impose a fine of

not exceeding \$100 or one hundred days

on the public works for each day of

violation of the ordinance." The

recorder will be authorized to impose a

fine of not exceeding \$100 or one hundred

days on the public works for each day

of violation of the ordinance." The

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fine of not exceeding \$100 or one hundred

days on the public works for each day

of violation of the ordinance." The

## OFFICIAL REPLY

CANNOT BE MADE

Chamberlain's Alleged Answer to Sher-

man's Letter Not Received Yet.

STATE DEPARTMENT SURPRISED

Only Last Paragraph of Secretary's

Seal Communication Printed.

THE LONDON TIMES SHOWS PARTIALITY

United States, After Three Years'

Hard Work, Secures the Desired

Conference.

Washington, September 19.—The officials

of the state department are not disposed

to comment on the fur seal correspondence

given out by the British foreign office and

summarized in The London Times further

than to say that it shows the object sought

by the government of the United States

for the past three years has been attained

by the agreement of Great Britain to par-

ticipate in the conference to be held in Oc-

tober.

The British government has seen fit to

limit its part in the conference to an as-

sertation of the facts in dispute as to

seal life.

It was precisely this result which was

contemplated by Secretaries Gresham and

Olney, when they proposed the creation of

a commission of scientists to ascertain

whether, under the operation of the exist-

ing relations, the seals were or were not







## MRS. FELTON

Fends His Action

Mayor.

OWN EXPENSES

et Have Anything

Trip to Atlanta

895.

number 12—(Special)—

council sent a dele-

gation the Rush bill,

the legislature. Cap-

tain, mayor, was among

an address before

address was criticised

Fulton, who recently

of Georgia cities to

The Constitution of

written the following

September 12—Mrs. W.

Madam: A friend

attention to an extract

subject of temperance

from The Atlanta

you say "the liquor

sum and sent the

of Georgia cities to

prohibitionists."

nor men raised a large

to state it; if

a statement for a

to know to be a fact,

on such.

and sent the mayors

of cities to Atlanta, you

this, if not, you will

a statement that you

as a fact.

as it your object to

for myself, as one of

Georgia cities sent to

ason, I was not sent

the city council of

not by the liquor

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as to the only

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the Bush bill. I paid

with which you handle

occasion, I judge you

that I said, "I am not

paintings of nature and

positions of women

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m, you seem to have

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posed to quote. You

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as you make it, than

sent to Atlanta, by

the latter. You heard

would have quoted it

major of Columbus at

remarkable statement

should marry a drunk-

ard son-in-law should

children and the

he would carry a shot-

er and tell her to kill

that statement. I saw

at that occasion and

at what I did say

anything like it.

and (and you know

I went on). I said:

should marry a drunk-

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children and the

he would carry a shot-

er and tell her to kill

that statement. I saw

at that occasion and

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anything like it.

and (and you know

I went on). I said:

should marry a drunk-

ard son-in-law should

children and the

he would carry a shot-

## THE WEATHER.

Forecast for Today.

South Carolina—Light local showers; winds, becoming northwesterly. Georgia—Light showers in the north; cooler; northwesterly winds. Eastern Florida—Light showers; cooler in northern portions. Variable winds. Western Florida, Alabama and Mississippi—Fair, except showers on the immediate coast; cooler northerly winds.

## PICTURESQUE THO' DEPRAVED

A Sunday Afternoon Raid by Police-

men and Detectives.

A STRANGE SCENE IN A YARD

Where Negroes Had Met To Gamble

and Carouse—An Old Crane and a

"Yaller" Dog.

Police officers and city detectives made a

raid yesterday afternoon, which

disclosed human depravity, but

also exposed human depravity, but

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## HOGANSVILLE MEN

TO BE ARRESTED

Secret Service Officer Will Make Arrests

This Week.

SERIOUS TROUBLE IS EXPECTED

Negroes Are Angry and in a Threat-

ening Mood.

A HALF IDIOT WAS THE POSTMAN

Citizens Hired a Crazy Boy To Collect

Mail and Put It on Train—He

Cannot Be Prosecuted.

Serious trouble is expected at Hogans-

ville. The government officials at Wash-

ington have been informed that there would

be a clash between the negroes and

whites at the little town, and it is ex-

pected that the administration will take

firm and decisive action in the case before

another day is past. Two of Hogansville's

leading citizens were already at

work on the case, and they think they

have enough evidence to authorize an ar-

rest of the two men who are suspected of

being the men who shot Loftin. The

situation at Hogansville is every day

assuming a more dangerous appearance.

The negroes there are aroused to the high-

est pitch over the shooting, and immediate

trouble would not be a surprise to those

who are familiar with the present condi-

tion of the town. There are more negroes in the town than

there are whites. Hogansville has nearly

1,500 people, probably 900 of whom are ne-

groes. Usually the negro population is very

quiet, but since the shooting of Loftin, war-

like demonstrations have been made. Every

night large crowds of negroes collect in the

colored section of the town and discuss

the shooting. There is but one feeling

among the negroes. They say that there

is no doubt that the shooting was the re-

sult of a plot to kill Loftin because he

was a negro and was not appointed as a

postoffice inspector. The white people

are not so sure. They say that the

inspector was a half idiot, and that

he was not appointed as a postoffice in-

spector because he was a half idiot. They

say that the shooting was the result of a

plot to kill Loftin because he was a ne-

gro and was not appointed as a postoffice

inspector. The white people are not so

sure. They say that the inspector was a

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inspector because he was a half idiot. They

say that the shooting was the result of a

## FATE OF CONKELL

HOLDS A MYSTERY

Missing Marble Man of Ohio Believed To

Be in Georgia.

HE IS SAID TO BE AT MARIETTA

Has Not Been Heard from in Many

Months.

CLEW HAS BEEN FOUND AT MARIETTA, GA.

An Interesting Story That Comes from

Cleveland, O. Reads Like

Fiction.

The authorities of Cleveland, O., are

searching for J. H. Conkell, who is said to

be at present a resident of Marietta, Ga.,

and it is not improbable that an officer from

that place will arrive in Marietta in a few

days to escort his prisoner back to the

scene of his alleged wrongdoings. The

story connected with the life of Conkell

is remarkable and sounds more like

the plot of a novel than the real events of

a man's life. It commenced some years

ago and has had a series of interesting

chapters added since that time. Three

years ago Conkell was an industri-

ous and prosperous marble dealer of

Cleveland. He married into a nice family

at that place, and while he was not a

wealthy man he was in moderate circum-

stances and had a comfortable home. His

disappearance remained a mystery

and many thought that he had been foully

dealt with. He was a popular man in his

home town, and his disappearance was

regretted by all who knew him. He was

last seen in Cleveland, and it was

believed that he had been foully dealt

with. He was a popular man in his home

town, and his disappearance was regretted

by all who knew him. He was last seen

in Cleveland, and it was believed that

he had been foully dealt with. He was a

popular man in his home town, and his

disappearance was regretted by all who

knew him. He was last seen in Cleve-

land, and it was believed that he had

been foully dealt with. He was a popu-

lar man in his home town, and his dis-

appearance was regretted by all who

knew him. He was last seen in Cleve-

land, and it was believed that he had

been foully dealt with. He was a popu-

lar man in his home town, and his dis-

appearance was regretted by all who

knew him. He was last seen in Cleve-

land, and it was believed that he had

been foully dealt with. He was a popu-

lar man in his home town, and his dis-



## DANGER TO MAINS FROM HYDRANTS' USE

President George Hillier Says Sewer  
Flushing Threatens Destruction.

### WATER HAMMERS ARE CAUSED

He Favors the Construction of Flush  
Tanks for Sewers.

### SAYS THE PRESENT SYSTEM IS DANGEROUS

Frequent and Irregular Use of Fire  
Hydrants Is Too Severe a Strain  
on the Water Mains.

There is danger to the water mains that comes from the uncertain pressure brought about by the flushing of sewers from the fire hydrants.

President Hillier, of the water board, has prepared a statement in which he shows that the "water hammers," which in waterworks parlance are the effects of the sudden shutting off of a hydrant, are dangerous to the water mains that bring the water from the Chattahoochee to the city. He says the shock is too severe a strain upon the pumps and the machinery, in which the city has many thousands of dollars invested, and the danger from a broken main is too great to be thought of in case of fire.

President Hillier believes the sewers can be flushed in all safety with the flush tanks which are located near certain cross streets. These tanks, which are unknown to the general public, hold six or eight hundred gallons of water, and by an automatic arrangement all the water they contain can be opened into sewers, which are flushed by the small cataract. He advocates the purchase and construction of these flush tanks, believing they are safer and more satisfactory than the flushing from the fire hydrants.

Mr. Cephas M. Brown, secretary of the board, believes the flushing can be continued from the fire hydrants, provided plugs are opened as others are shut off, thus keeping the pressure equal at all times. "I am satisfied," said Mr. Brown, "after having studied the question considerably, that the matter of flushing sewers could be done without danger to the pipes, and not cause water hammers, by a prearranged plan when flushing is to be done, and the waterworks notified of the time and the number of hydrants to be used at one time. This number of hydrants should not be decreased, to cause the pressure on the pipes to be greater than the normal pressure, which is six pounds throughout the city. In flushing sewers, it is not intended to carry fire pressure—eighty to eighty-five pounds—there being no need of such. The present arrangement of using six hydrants at once for sewer flushing could be done without any danger to the water mains. Even more hydrants could be used with just as little danger as the six, if handled according to a systematic plan. For instance, on the south side, when three hydrants have been opened, do not close the hydrants until others have been opened, when those in use should then be shut down, leaving as many open as have been closed."

### President Hillier's Position.

President George Hillier, of the water board, has furnished the following interesting statement in which he explains the situation:

"At the last meeting of the board of water commissioners I was informed by request to write something at this time for publication on the subject of water meters and sewer flushing. I was mayor of the city at the time the board was organized, in 1885, and I know something about it. The public, not only in our city, but in the United States, is very much indebted to the foresight of the late Mayor Board of water commissioners of that day for this improvement.

"In March, 1885, we contracted for a year's supply of coal, estimating what was needed by the then past experience. This was just before the universal adoption of meters was required. The coal contracted for in March, 1885, lasted the city during all the balance of that year, and all of the next year, and until July of the third year; thus demonstrating a saving of largely more than one-half in coal consumption.

"Before putting on meters the engines at the waterworks were often run, the small engine sixty revolutions to the minute, the larger engine forty revolutions to the minute, which was more by one-third than either of them was designed for; and when the pressure was too high, the gauge in the waterworks office on Wall street would only show twenty pounds to the square inch. We were then pumping at the rate of 10,000 gallons per day. The pressure in the hydrants was so inferior that in times of fire water could hardly be thrown from a street hydrant above the second story of any building. We stood by and saw the Kimball house burn down, entailing a loss of a half million. There occurred also a severe fire on Alabama street, entailing a loss of nearly as much, and the fire department was almost helpless. As soon as meters were put on every service, the pumpage at once fell from six million gallons per day to a million and a quarter gallons per day, and at the same time the pressure in the street mains and houses rose to such an extent that the fire department could throw even with the then inferior machinery six or eight streams of water at one time from the street hydrants over the tops of the tallest buildings, and without using the fire engines at all, they being held principally as a reserve, and ready to be put in or used where occasion required. Before the meters were put on there were many houses, especially in the higher levels of the city, where the water even did not go into the upper stories of the buildings at all for days at a time. Before we put on meters the waterworks was not much better than a pretense. As soon as we put on meters the pressure went to such an extent that it was possible to get to the top of the tallest houses and everybody had a plenty. What was the cause of the difference? There can be but one answer, namely, without the meters the water merely wasted, and did nobody any good. After we put on meters the waste was stopped, and all had plenty."

"With all this waste and rush of water into the sewers they were decidedly more offensive and needed flushing worse than they do now. The pumping machinery, running the machinery to its utmost capacity, even with our present improved engines, would not be sufficient to fill one-twentieth part of the capacity of the sewers and the most we could get by letting the water waste into them would be a little stream only three or four inches deep on the bottom, leaving the rest of the sewers gaseous, unaffected above, throughout their whole length.

"There are approximately 7,000 users of water in the city. It would be a fair average to estimate five faucets in each house. Thus you have 35,000 openings that open

into the water mains and against the closed valves of which the pressure of the water made by the pumps is unceasing day or night, and the instant one of them is open the water rushes out. Now the only way to keep the water from rushing out is to keep these faucets closed; and the rational business method of keeping them closed is to have a meter that will measure the quantity if any is allowed to waste. Self-interest thus impels the water user and his family to keep the faucets closed. That is the reason that under the meter system, unnecessary waste is checked.

"But, as I said, there are 35,000 faucets. Now, if you will calculate how much water can run out of those if they were all left open you will perceive that it would take twenty or thirty times as much pumpage as we now have. Our present pumping machinery cost the city \$230,000. It would cost us certainly more than a million dollars to buy enough pumps to keep the mains full with the same fire pressure that we have now if unlimited waste were allowed. We would have to enlarge the mains to carry this more than quadrupled quantity of water that would have to flow through the street and go into people's houses; and the first purchase of these new additional mains would easily cost another million. We would have to burn five times as much coal as we now burn—at least five times as much—and we should count an additional annual expense of \$50,000 for that. We would have to buy an additional fire plant. The filters we now have cost us in round numbers \$50,000. So you see, adding it all together, the expense is prohibitory.

"But some may say that we could get along with less pressure. I reply that we could not; that is, we could not and be as comfortable as we are at present. With anything less than I have above estimated they would get no water from the top of such buildings as the Equitable, the Aragon and the Ballard house and not sufficient anywhere.

"I have said that the service is satisfactory. It is pre-eminently so. Out of the 7,000 consumers whose accounts are settled every month, making in round numbers, say, 500 settlements per annum, the city loses probably less than \$50 in bad debts.

### As to Flushing Sewers.

"Now, about flushing sewers. I heard the mayor say recently on two or three occasions very justly that after his trial he was well satisfied with the system of having flush tanks such as the city is now partially supplied with; that it was immeasurably a better system than that of flushing sewers from the fire hydrants. I wish very much that every one who reads this article would inform himself about these flush tanks. No sensible person can possibly entertain any different opinion who does investigate it than that obtained by the mayor. The board of health also understand this matter perfectly and they say in their last report that they ought to be more generously supplied with flush tanks.

"Quite a number of persons have asked me recently when speaking on this subject, what I meant by a 'flush tank.' When I explained to them that the city already has something over seventy electric motors usually at a cross street to hold six or eight hundred gallons of water and fixed with a large faucet so that they can when needed be rapidly filled with water, and then being applied with an eight-inch valve, the bottom, which, when raised suddenly, lets out the water with a rush into the sewer that occurs it out completely, they have expressed surprise and said they had no idea that such an appliance existed. At an experiment the other day at which the mayor and other officials were present, the entire contents of the flush tank when the valve was raised, rushed out into the sewer, by the mayor's watch, in less than seven seconds. With that kind of appliance the sewer is flushed in four or five minutes of the neighboring fire hydrants had been left open to run into that sewer for a quarter of an hour and had wasted in the process, nearly as much water as the flush tank as came out of the flush tank.

### Tanks Should Be Multiplied.

"I hope very much that the mayor and present administration may see their way to greatly multiply these flush tank appliances, until it is so that nobody who is a fireman shall ever do any monkeying with the fire hydrants. I do not claim originality in this matter of flush tanks, but the credit of building them is due to Captain Clayton's department, and in the last report of the board of health they are most highly commended, and the latter body urges their rapid increase. I most heartily second the motion. There is a real danger in using the fire hydrants to flush sewers. Of course that danger is very greatly reduced if the men who do the work would open and close the hydrants very slowly, and only one at a time, leaving others open and running, so that all the shock or water hammer of a sudden closing may not come at once. The total water mains laid in the city and its approaches makes more than one hundred miles. They are all of cast iron, and, of course, all cast iron is brittle and liable to break especially under a sudden shock. The water hammer created, say, for instance, in the eastern part of the city is instantly propagated throughout the entire network of pipes, and strikes the machinery even at the pumping station sometimes with the violence of a trip hammer. We have taken great care and pains in purchasing these water mains and laying them out carefully, and fortunately they do not break every time they receive a blow; but every blow is calculated to weaken them, and even if they do not break at first, a crack is liable to be made or may be started, and it spreads, and under repeated blows is apt to increase and break at some future time, and such break is most liable to occur when there is a fire alarm. Now imagine what would happen if on some windy day this coming fall one of the larger mains, say the sixteen-inch main on North avenue or the one newly laid and as yet but little tried on Gray street, and in which a crack was started during the winter, as Captain Travis contends, use of the fire hydrants by the flushing force three or four nights ago. What would be the consequence? Necessarily the pressure would come down at once, and all the water that stood anywhere near or above the level where this break occurred would necessarily flow out in that direction. The fire department would be left without water with which to fight the fire, except what they might find in the old cisterns which have been yet preserved in some parts of the city—a very small and inadequate resource. True, we have duplicated these pieces of pipe and we have skilled men and wagons ready to go with utmost speed and get a new piece and carry it to the place and put it in as quick as possible, but it would necessarily take several hours in which to repair the break, and might take more than that. And after it was repaired, when two or three million gallons of water had flown out of the pipe and they were all filled with air, it would take both engines running at utmost capacity two or three hours with which to refill the pipes and carry the water back to the place where the fire was raging; and in the meantime the city might have suffered a loss of millions by the fire disaster. It is clearly the part of wisdom not to subject these brittle cast iron pipes to any more danger or violence than is necessary."

### A Queer Epidemic.

From The Irwin Bulletin.  
Julia Smith, colored, went speechless while going home from church the other night. There seems to be an epidemic among the colored women of this place in this respect, as two or three have even died from the same cause during the past few months.

## INDIANA NOT HURT WHILE IN DRY DOCK

Acting Secretary Roosevelt Makes Public  
a Report.

### WORK SATISFACTORILY DONE

Strain Observed Was Due to an Irregularity of Support.

### BUCKLING WAS OF NO CONSEQUENCE

Big Battleship Is Now as Good as Ever  
and Works in Excellent  
Form.

Washington, September 19.—Acting Secretary Roosevelt, as an answer to recently published reports that the battleship Indiana was injured while in the Halifax dry dock, has made public the following report received from Captain Henry Taylor, commanding the vessel, made shortly after the docking:

"I respectfully report that the Indiana got under way yesterday morning at 6:35 and proceeded up the harbor to the Halifax graving dock and entered the slip at 7 o'clock. A thorough inspection of the hull was made on the dock being pumped out. I ordered a complete inspection of the hull at 3 o'clock, and no evidence of strain was discovered. At 5:30 o'clock it was observed that some buckling had occurred in the double bottoms under the forward thirteen-inch turret and adjacent thereto. The additional straining being placed in position was placed forward and the double bottoms watched closely during the night. The buckling increased. Careful measurement was made for this purpose under the direction of Naval Constructor Bowles and continued during the night. No increase being discovered, a decision was reached after consultation with Mr. Bowles, that it was not necessary to let water in to float the ship.

"The principal reason assigned for the strain is the fact that some of the keel blocks are upon rock foundation and others are not, thus causing a slight inequality of support. Mr. Bowles informs me that he has just received this letter from one of the captains of the squadron:

"In connection with the report Mr. Roosevelt states that the slight buckling of the Indiana's bottom was due to a slight strain in the keel blocks. A slight strain in the keel blocks is not a serious matter, and was indicated by the fact that the ship took her place in the squadron immediately after leaving dock and maneuvered as satisfactorily as could be desired. Mr. Roosevelt has just received this letter from one of the captains of the squadron:

### INDUCEMENTS TO ALABAMIANS.

Desire To Make State Day at Exposition  
a Great One.

Montgomery, Ala., September 19.—(Special.) Big inducements are offered to the military of Alabama by the Alabama State Day at the Exposition. The Alabama State Day at the Exposition is a great one. The Alabama State Day at the Exposition is a great one. The Alabama State Day at the Exposition is a great one.

### ...YOU...

Who are in need of strictly scientific and expert medical treatment should certainly investigate the reputation of the physician you employ. Dr. Hathaway & Co. have undoubtedly the best of professional and financial references and are recognized as

### THE MOST SUCCESSFUL,

### THE MOST PROGRESSIVE,

### THE MOST SKILLFUL,

### THE MOST EXPERIENCED,

### THE MOST POPULAR

Physicians and specialists in the successful treatment of delicate diseases peculiar to man or woman kind in the United States.

### SPECIALTIES:

Syphilis, Diseases of Unnatural Discharges, Gonorrhea, Eczema, Nervous Debility, Stricture, Hemorrhoids, Varicocele, Pimples, Eruptions, Catarrh of the Bladder, etc.

### CATARRH

throat, lung, liver, dyspepsia, indigestion, stomach, etc., diarrhoea, dysentery, etc. Troubles of this character relieved once; cures effected as soon as possible.

### BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES

scabs, spots, pimples, scrofula, blood taints, tumors, tetter, eczema and all troubles arising from an impure state of the blood, completely eradicated from the system.

### KIDNEY AND URINARY

weak back, pain in side, abdomen, bladder, sediment in urine, brickdust or white; pain while urinating, frequency of Bright's disease and all diseases of the bladder of both sexes.

### PRIVATE DISEASES

gleet, gonorrhea, stricture, gonorrhea, etc., tenderness, swellings, weakness of organs and piles, rupture quickly cured without pain or detention from business.

### LOST MANHOOD

and all its ailments, both of young and middle-aged men, a specialty. The awful effects of early indiscretions, producing weakness, nervous debility, night emissions, loss of vitality, impotence, etc., are cured by our special treatment.

### LADIES

If you are suffering from persistent headache, painful menstruation, leucorrhoea, or white discharge, or any other ailment of the female system, you should call on Dr. Hathaway & Co. without delay.

### ALL

consult them at once, as their great reputation in the past will guarantee to every one kind, honorable and satisfactory treatment. Call or address

Dr. Hathaway & Co.,

INMAN BUILDING,  
225 South Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.  
Hours: 9 to 12; 2 to 6; 7 to 8. Sundays,  
10 to 1.

# Chamberlin - Johnson - DuBose Co.

## Read About Today's Important Store Events.

## A Breezy Autumn Ad.

September  
Sale Specials  
In Tailored

## Suits, Skirts and Waists.

Today's Suit, Skirt and Waist showing and selling will find no competitive counterpart. An exceptional exhibition of the choicest, more exclusive effects from the world's foremost tailors—including many very special values, not to be repeated after these are sold, when outer garment prices will be based on the new high-tariff law. No, cautious madam, we don't invite you to a miscellaneous array of goods carried over from last season. Look in that window. Do you see a trace of aged or ancient styles? The stock within is just as new and fresh. Many of the large New York stores cannot equal the varieties here. We direct your particular attention to the many graceful adaptations of the blouse idea. It's a Russian craze that has "caught on" in Paris—of course Atlanta will like it.

Tailor-made Suits of plaid cassimeres, two-toned chevots, granite chevots, heather chevots, basket weave chevots, cloth chevots, fancy check chevot, matelasse armures and two-toned fabrics with mohair figures. The coats are fly-front and lined with Roman striped and Tartan plaid silks. The colors are black, blue, green, red, brown and helio—\$10, \$12.50, \$15 and \$17.50.

Tailor-made Suits of novelty figured chevot, matelasse granites, mohair figured armure, two-toned jacquard armure, silk-mixed tailoring, cassimere covert, fancy camel's-hair chevot, mohair illuminated chevot and corkscrew diagonals. Coat and skirt are lined throughout with very fine changeable taffeta silk. The colors are all new shades of brown, green, red and black—\$18.75, \$20, \$22.50 and \$25.00.

Tailor-made Suits of silky French Broadcloths, whipcord coverts, vicunas, boucle mixed chevots, two-toned armures, matelasse armure, eingle, chameleon brillantes, checked granite chevots, fancy figured tricotine, sharkskin armures and illuminated foules. There are variations of the Russian blouse coat, some plain, others with brilliant silk ruffle fronts; skirts trimmed elaborately with handsome braid, lined throughout with rich changeable taffeta. The colors are all the fine autumn tints—\$25, \$30, \$35 and \$45.

\$7.50 and \$10 for Skirts of black brocade satin, brocade taffeta, mohair velour and plain silk and satin. The real value of these skirts is up to \$15.

\$5.00, \$6.00, \$7.00 and \$10 for Women's Silk Waists in Satin Duchesse, Plain and Changeable Taffetas, Roman Stripes, Tartan Plaids and Fancy Brocades. Any of these Waists are worth 25 per cent more than our present rates. You couldn't buy the bare material for what we sell the complete garment. A splendid assortment of dark Percalé and Batiste Waists in stripes, checks, figures and plaids at \$1.00.

## A Strong Talk From a Responsible Firm Concerning Silks... To an Expectant Public...

Short, but powerful Saxon words. No hyperbole, no similes. The Silks are grand. We want to get the plain facts before you. About sixty thousand yards recently received. Largest assortment in the South. No sound reason why we should not monopolize the entire Silks business of Atlanta. Of course some people will buy Silks elsewhere. They have accounts on other ledgers than ours, ties of friendship and kinship, trade reciprocity, personal preferences and various private interests will control the patronage of a limited number. A who are free from motives, uninfluenced by entangling alliances and obligations will surely come here for Silks. The "whys" are manifold and manifest. We display twice as many rich novelties as all the other stores in Atlanta combined. Our prices are marked in plain figures, and are as low, if not lower than you'll find in the world. You'd pay more for the same goods if you were shopping at the Bon Marche, the Louvre, Wanamaker's or Marshall Field & Co. The beauty and the cheapness of the Silks are too apparent for cavil or contradiction. Their claim upon the attention of the prudent and wise is imperative. Nothing but culpable extravagance can allow you to ignore our efforts in this great department. Two thousand pieces already in and no two alike—plenty more to follow. Those sold one day are replaced by new ones the next day. Public sentiment rarely goes wrong. It accords us leadership in Silks, with an enthusiasm and spontaneity that confuses competition but doesn't surprise us. The voluntary encomiums lavished upon our early Autumn exhibition by critical judges are natural as gravitation. We worked for the reward, deserve it, expect it, and have received it. Our collection is too splendid to even be compared to any other in the South. It is beyond rivalry at every point.

For 75c, \$1.00, \$1.10, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2.00 we give you better value than anybody anywhere. It is useless for us to refer to Roman Stripes and Tartan Plaids. Here are hundreds of designs and color effects. Can please any taste—normal or abnormal. The world's brightest Silk wits conjured them and we secured them at nominal cost. We force the most indifferent to recognize the merits of this stock. In justice to your autumn wardrobe and income, let us show you the new Taffetas, Tinsels, Pompadours, Luxors, Armures, Matelasses and Jardinieres. There are plaids, stripes, dots, checks, crocheted blocks; small, medium and large brocades in two, three and five color blendings that are simply and utterly too sumptuous for the money we ask.

## More About ..... Autumn Dress Goods.

in that subtlest of all forms of beauty—the textile arts of two hemispheres. The advertiser is a Tyro and hath not the grace of language to describe this collection of brilliant creations. He lacks the fertility of thought, ingenuity, skill, classic resources and wealth of words. But there are scholars and men of culture whose genius would not be abashed in contemplating so much precious elegance. Not until Eric Mackay and Thomas Bailey Aldrich begin to write advertisements can such fabrics as these hope for justice in newspaper columns. The Parisian effects include all the charms of daintiness, piquancy, novelty and quaintness. Exultant, triumphant Paris—your looms at peerless and dominate like a capricious queen the imperial realm of Fashion.

Excellence, diversity and cheapness. A triumvirate that we emphasize—50c to \$2.50 the yard. Here are some of the names:

Fancy Check Zebeline  
Matelasse Novelty Epingle  
Brocade Epingle  
Matelasse Velour  
Mohair Matelasse  
Matelasse Armure Epingle  
Silk-and-wool Velour  
Chameleon Poplins  
Astrakhan Armure Chevot  
Mohair Bayadere Foule  
Two-toned Epingle  
Silk-and-wool Plaid Velours  
Novelty Figured Velours  
Fancy Mohair Chevots  
Silk Dotted Chameleon Velour  
Mohair Armure Velour  
Mohair Brocade Matelasse  
Brocade Sail Cloth  
Mohair Figured Nette  
Boucle Fancy Chevot  
Novelty Star Fish Chevot  
Chameleon Brillante  
Fancy Checked Chevot  
Chameleon Plaid Poplins

Two-toned Covert Cloth  
Cassimere Covert  
Checked Suting Chevot  
Corkscrew Diagonal  
Whipcord Covert Cloth  
Mohair Granite Chevot  
Matelasse Chevot  
Checked Tailor Cloth  
Checked Granite Chevot  
Fancy Striped Chevot  
Two-toned Armures  
Two-toned Diagonals  
Silk-mixed Suting  
Figured Two-toned Granites  
Basket Weave Chevot  
Armure Worsted Chevot  
Two-toned Striped Armures  
Chevot Nette  
Mohair Figured Chevot  
Novelty Bonnette Chevot  
Silk-and-wool Brillante  
Drap d'Ete  
French Broadcloths

There are roughs and smooths; surfaces plain and surfaces a-glint with hanging hairs and traceable threads of silk and yarn a-curl. The hardy roughened sorts are heightened with splotches and splashes of color that are wonderfully novel and beautiful. The smooth-faced fabrics are in abundance and suggest the snug comfort and unobtrusive elegance of the tailor suit.

# Chamberlin - Johnson - DuBose Co.

## COUNCIL W VAN EPPS

Will Accept Resign  
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COUNCIL WILL NAME  
VAN EPPS' SUCCESSORWill Accept Resignation and Elect New  
Member This Afternoon.

MANY NAMES WILL COME UP

Judge Clarke Says He Is Not a Candidate for the Place.

CAPTAIN ELLIS'S FRIENDS ARE ACTIVE

Judge W. R. Hammond and Colonel  
Albert Cox Are Being Urged for  
the Vacancy.

COUNCIL will fill the vacancy on the board of education, caused by the resignation of Judge Van Epps, this afternoon when the body meets in regular session. Before Judge Van Epps' successor is named, however, it is quite probable that a heated fight will occur for the place, as a number of councilmen are energetically pushing their favorites to the front. The new member must come from the second ward, as it is from that ward that the vacancy has occurred.

Judge Marshall J. Clarke, whose name has been favorably mentioned by many of his friends, is not in the race and he has that his name be not mentioned in that connection, as it has never been his desire or intention to secure the place. Yesterday afternoon Judge Clarke sent a message to the constitution office asking that an announcement be made that he is not in the race and has never been. The name of Judge W. R. Hammond is being mentioned by his friends and he is being urged by them to accept the position. Judge Hammond will serve in the event his name is selected as Judge Van Epps' successor.

Colonel Albert Cox has been mentioned for the place by many friends and his name may be school board was, indeed, said to be a possibility. Captain W. F. Ellis is being mentioned for the place and his friends are anxious that he be selected.

"I wish to be thoroughly understood," said Judge Van Epps yesterday afternoon, "I resigned, not that there was the slightest objection to me, but solely because my private business demands more time and I could not give that attention in the future to the discharge of my duties to the city as my position in the board demanded. The school board was, indeed, pleasant, and I would have been glad under different circumstances, to have continued on the board."

LIVELY WITH POLICE SATURDAY

SEVENTY-THREE ARRESTS WERE  
MADE SATURDAY NIGHT.There Were 22 Drunks, 39 Cases of  
Disorder, 8 for Vagrancy and  
4 Against Dissolute Women.

There were some lively scenes around the police barracks Saturday night and the streets for drunkenness and general disorder made a sort of record breaker.

There were twenty-two drunks, including men and women, white and black, citizens of Atlanta and strangers. Among the drunks was a young man who had run from Mobile on account of the yellow fever. He said he did not intend to get drunk, but he had arrived in the city fatigued and low spirited and took a few drinks to brace up. He was not used to Atlanta whiskey and while with the nervous strain threw him before he was aware that he had taken aboard more than he could handle.

Another one of the drunks was a sailor who had run away from New Orleans to escape the plague. He had lost his bearings and being whiskey-logged he ran around in a doorway, where he snored. A police officer bore down upon him and soon had him in tow for the police barracks, where he was given a safe harbor.

The number of cases booked Saturday night for habits and rowdy was thirty-nine. These include all sorts of scraps and were against men and women.

Eight cases were booked for vagrancy and disorder under the title of "idling and loitering."

Four negro women were arrested for being on the streets after night when they were known to be of bad character. This made a total of seventy-three cases, and the station sergeant was kept busy until far past midnight.

COUNCIL MEETS THIS AFTERNOON

Many Interesting Questions Will Be  
Discussed by the City Fathers.

The city council meets this afternoon at 2 o'clock in regular session.

In addition to routine matters, there are a number of special features which have been announced for the session. One of the most interesting discussions will be the selection of a successor to fill the vacancy in the city board of education. A report of the condition of the city relative to its sanitation will be received and such measures as may be necessary for the protection will be enacted. Other questions of importance and public interest are looked for discussion and the afternoon session of the city fathers will be lively.

The Hon. John Hay's happy speech at  
the unveiling of the bust of Sir Walter  
Scott in Westminster abbey has been  
republished by Mr. John Lane in a dainty  
little volume.

There are many buildings in the city that are nearing completion, others that are just getting started and still others yet to begin. It is said that there was never known such a large amount of new building as at the present time.

The old citizens say that the past summer has seen more new structures commenced than ever before in the history of Atlanta. More permits have been granted and the structures have been larger than in the past.

The Austell building, just ready for occupancy, is one of the largest buildings in the city. The English-American building, now in course of construction at the junction of Peachtree and Broad streets, has a steel frame for its seventh story, and there are four more to follow.

The handsome stone front on four sides has been put on, and the brick that will form the walls for the stories above are being laid.

The progress on this building is not as rapid as was expected, owing to the inability of the contractors to secure the steel frame from the manufacturers. Daily there is a large force of men at work, and the hammering of the steel and the iron pushing the beams and struts to the proper position, the putting of the hoisting machines, the swinging of the great iron cranes and derricks carrying heavy beams and steel, and the blowing of the ring of the hammers and the ringing of the workmen, make a scene of lively activity.

Work on the Grant Building.

The excavation for the Grant building on Walton street, running from Broad to Forsyth, has been half done, and the building has been removed. Before the end of the week this will be evacuated and stand ready for the heavy masonry necessary to support a heavy building of the kind. The foundation will be laid and the work of the structure begun. This building will cover more surface probably than any other building in the city, and will be fitted up for an office structure.

"The 'Majestic,' a handsome apartment house to go up on Peachtree street, is being pushed. The basement and the first story are up. The work is temporarily suspended awaiting the arrival of more material. The front, which will be of stone, has been ordered and arranged with the two large and massive columns, which will be the main entrance, are all ready. On these will be placed the heavy front wall of the building proper. This will be the largest apartment house in the city, and it is expected to have it ready for occupancy before the end of the year."

The work on the fall is progressing rapidly, and the work on the fourth story and towers that will ornament it is commenced. The heavy stone work and the interior finishing will be slow, but in a short time, the builders say, Fulton's criminals will have no place to hide and one that they will not find easy to leave.

The Atlanta Paper Company will soon have a large building completed for their business on the corner of Piedmont avenue and Hunter street.

A large manufacturing building is to be erected on Marietta street, near Foundry, and all the lumber of the city is being built in the residence portions of the city is very large. The new armory of the Fifth regiment, which is a certainty, will be completed by the end of the year. Dunwoody has finished the plans, and they will be submitted to Colonel Candler during the week and definite action taken as soon as possible.

ORPHANS AT FIRST METHODIST.

Rev. Howard Crumley Preaches for the  
Little Orphans.

The orphans of the home at Decatur had their day yesterday at the First Methodist church.

It was orphans' home day at the First Methodist, and was appropriately observed by the church members and a part of the orphans. Once a year a Sunday is dedicated to the Methodist Conference Orphan's Home at Decatur, and on that day a special service is held.

Rev. Howard L. Crumley conducted the service. He is the agent of the orphanage and has been in charge of the orphans every year. He preached a sermon that, while not entirely on the subject of the orphans, was full of good advice to the orphans and the members.

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The program for the whole day was very interesting, and the reports showed that the church under the pastorate of Rev. Harvey has grown to a large and prosperous institution.

Tonight the congregation will tender the pastor a reception, at which all the members of the church will be present, and show him how his work with them has been appreciated.

HORNETS ATTACK A NEGRO.

Stung Him Badly and He Fell from Boat and Drowned.

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BUSY HANDS FIND  
READY WORK TO DOMuch Building Here Gives Employment  
To Many.

AN ACTIVE ERA IN BUILDING

Lucrative Employment Given to Many  
Good Workmen.

LOOKS MUCH BETTER FOR THE LABORER

Summary of the Building Improve-  
ments Now Going on in the  
City.

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LUMPKIN IS AFTER  
CITY EMPLOYEESSays That They Should Live Within the  
Corporate Limits.

RENTS SHOULD BE PAID HERE

He Will Introduce a Resolution Be-  
fore Council Today.

WANTS NON-RESIDENTS TO MOVE IN

Councilman Lumpkin Will Ask That a  
List of Non-Residents Be Pre-  
pared for Next Session.

The employees of the city who live beyond the prescribed limits of the city may find that they will soon be compelled to give up their present domiciles and move into the corporate limits.

This afternoon at the regular session of the council a resolution will be introduced by Councilman Lumpkin asking that the chiefs of departments notify their employees to come into the city. All the officers of the city will be asked to make a report to the next session of council, giving the names of all employees who live beyond the corporate limits. If the resolution is passed and it becomes an ordinance the employees will have to move. The resolution that will be introduced this afternoon by Councilman Lumpkin is as follows:

"Resolved by the mayor and general council, That the superintendent of the waterworks, chief sanitary inspector, chief of fire department and commissioner of public works report all employees in their departments who live outside the city limits, giving their names, employment and salary, to the next meeting of the general council."

Councilman Lumpkin stated yesterday that, while he was not familiar with the law upon the question of the city limits, as proposed would be nothing more than is justly due the city. He takes the position that the employees of the city should pay their rent bills to citizens of Atlanta who pay city taxes, since the salaries of the employees are paid by the city.

At present the majority of employees of the city live outside the city limits. In many cases this is due to the fact that living in the suburbs is cheaper than in the city, and that rents are lower and the air purer and more invigorating. A large number of city employees rent large tracts of land adjoining the city and conduct truck gardens which bring in a ready cash return. Councilman Lumpkin believes, however, that it is due the citizens that have invested money in Atlanta to rent their property to professional farmers and to live on the outside and who do not pay city taxes, and are consequently not so vitally interested in the upbuilding of the city. His resolution will double the city limits and will be a discussion when it is made public to the members of council this afternoon.

YELLED "POLICE" LUSTILY.

WHITE MAN HOLDS NEGRO WOMAN  
WHO ROBBED HIM.Police Go to the Rescue—The Woman  
Fought Viciously—The Man Was  
Drinking.

"Police! police!" yelled a white man directly opposite the barracks late Saturday night.

As he yelled he was attempting to hold a negro woman who was struggling frantically to get loose.

Between the man and the woman there was a telephone pole and do what he would the man could not get on the side where the woman was, for as fast as he would swing around the pole the woman would also swing keeping the pole in front of her.

The fight was a lively and interesting one.

A police officer rushed to the scene and the man exclaimed excitedly:

"Take this woman to the station and lock her up. She tried to rob me several weeks ago and I have been looking for her ever since."

At the barracks the woman begged to be turned loose, saying she had never seen the man before. She gave her name as Annie Blanchard and she is a well-known character in police circles.

The man who had caught her was under the influence of whiskey and came near being locked up himself.

He alleges that the woman met him on Decatur street several weeks ago and knocked \$4 from his hand for the purpose of robbing him.

The woman will be tried this afternoon.

HARVEY'S ANNIVERSARY.

Pastor of Antioch Conducts an Approp-  
riate Celebration.

The second anniversary of Rev. B. T. Harvey's pastorate of Antioch church, colored, was celebrated with appropriate exercises yesterday. At 11 o'clock the Rev. W. T. Jones preached the anniversary sermon, which was full of good advice to the pastor and the members.

President Sales, of the Atlanta Baptist college, was present and spoke a few words of encouragement.

A special Sunday school meeting was held at 3 o'clock. The annual report of the Sunday school showed that it was in a flourishing condition. Professor J. S. Brandon, superintendent of Wheat Street Baptist church, Sunday school, delivered an address. Last night Rev. Harvey preached a sermon to a large congregation, after which the holy communion was served.

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